

# Vernon Park

## Local Heritage Asset Register

### Basford

HA561



|                                |                       |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|
| <b>Status:</b>                 | Recommendation to add |
| <b>Age:</b>                    | Victorian (1837-1901) |
| <b>Conservation Area:</b>      | No                    |
| <b>Date added to the list:</b> |                       |
| <b>Condition:</b>              | Good                  |

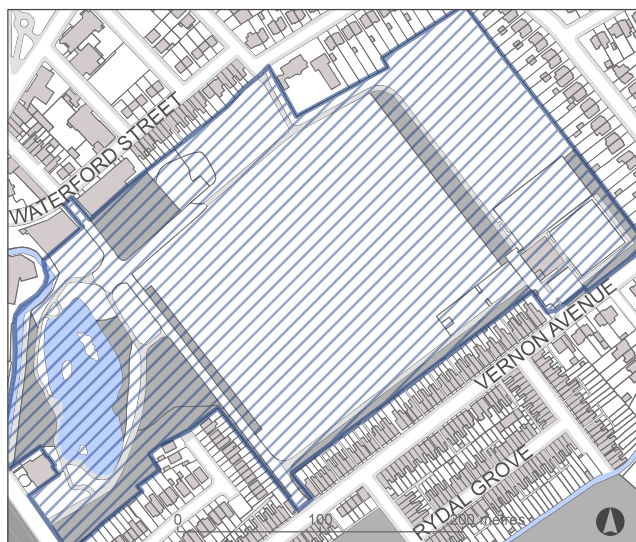
### Assessment against Local Criteria

1. Age: 1840 – 1914
2. Designed landscape
3. Communal value: as a public green space – of which there are few in Basford

### Reason for Designation

Vernon Park is historically and physically linked to the key industry of Old Basford - bleaching. The park was originally the grounds of Vernon House. The pool, coming from the River Leen, was a water supply for bleach works owned by Charles Cox of Vernon House. Vernon Park is evidence of industrial wealth in Basford, the connections between water supply and bleaching and the site of one of the major forms of employment for the area. Today, Vernon Park provides green, recreational space in an area which is otherwise densely built.

 Local List Proposal



### Description

Former grounds of Vernon House including pond associated with nineteenth century bleach works. "Vernon Park is a beautiful recreation ground of 181/4 acres, with its lake and islands, shrubberies, cricket, football and bowling grounds. The ornamental grounds were formerly attached to the house of Mr. Chas. Cox. They are now well used for rest, recreation, and all kinds of athletic sports." In 1901 he sold this residence with its parkland to the corporation and moved into Rock House. His former home became a pavilion for a bowling green and the whole estate was opened up as a public recreation ground. In 1942 the War Department requisitioned Vernon Park for defense purposes. Including boundaries and Bulwell stone gate piers and wrought iron gates at the west, north and south entrances to Vernon Park. IN BASFORD HISTORIC AREA ASSESSMENT

# Vernon Park

## Local Heritage Asset Register

Basford

HA561

### Additional Description:

Vernon Park has been a public recreational space for over a hundred years. The boundaries of Vernon House grounds are still legible, having only extended to the north-west. The separately listed park walls, piers and gates and show the extent of the grounds of Vernon House. The avenues of trees provide walking paths and may have been planted when the land became a public park. The pond to the south-west corner is a reminder of the bleach works.

|                              |                     |
|------------------------------|---------------------|
| Heritage category:           | Park & Garden       |
| Asset type:                  | Sports & Recreation |
| Original use:                |                     |
| Current use:                 | Sport or Recreation |
| Currently occupied:          | Yes                 |
| Architect, style / material: |                     |
| Condition:                   | Good                |

### Part of a group of heritage assets:

### Associated with historical events or people:

### Is it associated with any buried remains or archaeology? If so please describe:

### How is it of importance to the local community? :

|                              |                                |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| <b>Selection Panel Date:</b> | <b>Date added to the list:</b> |
| 05/10/2018                   |                                |

# St Leodegarius Church Hall 1 Silverdale Road

## Local Heritage Asset Register

### Berridge

HA562



|                                |                       |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|
| <b>Status:</b>                 | Recommendation to add |
| <b>Age:</b>                    | Edwardian to WW1      |
| <b>Conservation Area:</b>      | No                    |
| <b>Date added to the list:</b> |                       |
| <b>Condition:</b>              | Fair                  |

### Assessment against Local Criteria

1. Age: 1840 – 1914
2. Communal value: a longstanding history of use for community events as a mission or church hall
3. Well detailed example of ecclesiastical Architecture

### Reason for Designation

Recognisably an ecclesiastical building, built as a mission hall for St Leodegarius in 1905, extended in 1910. The site, some distance from St Leodegarius church, shows the expansion of Basford from the medieval village core.

 Local List Proposal



### Description

Brick and stone church hall built 1905. IN BASFORD  
HISTORIC AREA ASSESSMENT

# St Leodegarius Church Hall 1 Silverdale Road

## Local Heritage Asset Register

Berridge

HA562

### Additional Description:

Associated with St Leodegarius Church

|                              |                 |
|------------------------------|-----------------|
| Heritage category:           | Building        |
| Asset type:                  | Religious Sites |
| Original use:                |                 |
| Current use:                 | Religious       |
| Currently occupied:          | Yes             |
| Architect, style / material: |                 |
| Condition:                   | Fair            |

### Part of a group of heritage assets:

Yes

### Associated with historical events or people:

Is it associated with any buried remains or archaeology? If so please describe:

How is it of importance to the local community? :

|                              |                                |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| <b>Selection Panel Date:</b> | <b>Date added to the list:</b> |
| 18/12/2018                   |                                |

# Our Lady of Perpetual Succour Church

## Local Heritage Asset Register Bulwell Forest

HA564



|                                |                           |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------|
| <b>Status:</b>                 | Recommendation to add     |
| <b>Age:</b>                    | Early to Mid-20th Century |
| <b>Conservation Area:</b>      | No                        |
| <b>Date added to the list:</b> |                           |
| <b>Condition:</b>              | Good                      |

### Assessment against Local Criteria

1. As a fine example of an Interwar Roman Catholic Church
2. Association with a good architectural practice with listed churches
3. For its high aesthetic value

### Reason for Designation

A fine interwar design in Romanesque-Basilican style, little altered and with a good set of furnishings, including a monumental mosaic in the chancel possibly by Ludwig Oppenheimer.

### Local List Proposal



### Description

It is a design of high quality, described as 'one of the finest churches in the diocese' in the 1950 diocesan history, and is relatively little altered. It is of a similar date and bears some similarities with two Manchester churches by Norris and Reynolds, St Dunstan, Moston (1937) and St Willibrord Clayton (1938), both of which are listed. The associated buildings on the site (including the Presbytery) are not of special interest, but the contemporary brick boundary wall and gate piers ought to be included in any listing.

# Our Lady of Perpetual Succour Church

## Local Heritage Asset Register

### Bulwell Forest

HA564

#### Additional Description:

A large church in Romanesque Basilican style, of red brick with sparing use of red sandstone dressings, under a slate roof. The church consists of a narthex, aisled nave, chancel and side chapels. The nuns' chapel gives off the north side of the chancel. The church has an imposing west front with a double height deeply recessed arch at its centre. This encloses the main entrance, above which is a carved sandstone panel with a representation of the famous Byzantine painting of Our Lady of Perpetual Succour (the original of which hangs in the church of St Alphonsus Liguori, Rome). The architects were E. Bower Norris and F.M. Reynolds of Manchester and the contractor M. O'Hehir of Basford, Nottingham.

|                              |                     |
|------------------------------|---------------------|
| Heritage category:           | Building            |
| Asset type:                  | Religious Sites     |
| Original use:                |                     |
| Current use:                 | Religious           |
| Currently occupied:          | Yes                 |
| Architect, style / material: | E. Bower Norris and |
| Condition:                   | Good                |

#### Part of a group of heritage assets:

Yes

#### Associated with historical events or people:

Is it associated with any buried remains or archaeology? If so please describe:

How is it of importance to the local community? :

|                              |                                |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| <b>Selection Panel Date:</b> | <b>Date added to the list:</b> |
| 05/03/2019                   |                                |

# PARK LANE METHODIST CHAPEL

## Local Heritage Asset Register

Basford

HA565



|                                |                       |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|
| <b>Status:</b>                 | Recommendation to add |
| <b>Age:</b>                    | Victorian (1837-1901) |
| <b>Conservation Area:</b>      | No                    |
| <b>Date added to the list:</b> |                       |
| <b>Condition:</b>              | Fair                  |

### Assessment against Local Criteria

1. Age: 1840 – 1914
2. Asset type: Religious
3. Group value: With the other non-conformist chapels in Basford built in the late nineteenth century, Park Lane Methodist chapel evidences the development and strength of non-conformist religions in Nottingham and its suburbs.

### Reason for Designation

An example of a late nineteenth-century Methodist chapel. With other churches in the area, Park Lane Methodist evidences the popularity of non-conformist religions in Nottingham at this time but also the denominational divisions.

### Local List Proposal



### Description

1893; United methodist free church. Red brick with stone dressings. Inscription 'United Methodist free church' across top of first floor window. Horizontal stone block bands; stone kneelers. As with other chapels in the area, there are several 'laid by' stone with names inscribed, some now too worn to read. IN BASFORD HISTORIC AREA ASSESSMENT



# PARK LANE METHODIST CHAPEL

## Local Heritage Asset Register

Basford

HA565

Additional Description:

|                              |                 |
|------------------------------|-----------------|
| Heritage category:           | Building        |
| Asset type:                  | Religious Sites |
| Original use:                |                 |
| Current use:                 | Industrial      |
| Currently occupied:          | Yes             |
| Architect, style / material: |                 |
| Condition:                   | Fair            |

Part of a group of heritage assets:

Associated with historical events or people:

Is it associated with any buried remains or archaeology? If so please describe:

How is it of importance to the local community? :

|                              |                                |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| <b>Selection Panel Date:</b> | <b>Date added to the list:</b> |
| 05/10/2018                   |                                |



# FORMER METHODIST CHAPEL

## Local Heritage Asset Register

Basford

HA566



|                                |                       |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|
| <b>Status:</b>                 | Recommendation to add |
| <b>Age:</b>                    | Edwardian to WW1      |
| <b>Conservation Area:</b>      | No                    |
| <b>Date added to the list:</b> |                       |
| <b>Condition:</b>              | Fair                  |

### Assessment against Local Criteria

1. Age: 1840 – 1914
2. Asset type: Religious building
3. Group value: With the other non-conformist chapels in Basford built in the late nineteenth century, Percy Street Primitive Methodist chapel evidences the development and strength of non-conformist religions in Nottingham and its suburbs
4. Group value: with the Sunday School behind
5. Communal value: In continued use as a religious building, at the heart of the community

### Reason for Designation

An example of an early-twentieth century Methodist chapel. With other churches in the area, Percy Street Primitive Methodist evidences the popularity of non-conformist religions in Nottingham at this time but also denominational divisions. The building of a Sunday School at the same type demonstrates the contributions of churches to education for working class children.

 Local List Proposal



### Description

Former Methodist chapel, now Gurdwara. Built by Henry Harper in 1904 as a Methodist chapel. IN BASFORD HISTORIC AREA ASSESSMENT

# FORMER METHODIST CHAPEL

## Local Heritage Asset Register

Basford

HA566

### Additional Description:

The foundation stone was laid on 25th February 1904 by Henry Adams of Sheffield and Councillor William Adams J. P. of Birmingham. The foundation stone of the Sunday school to the rear was laid on Easter Monday, 4th April 1904. The original interior included a gallery to three sides.

|                              |                   |
|------------------------------|-------------------|
| Heritage category:           | Building          |
| Asset type:                  | Religious Sites   |
| Original use:                |                   |
| Current use:                 | Religious         |
| Currently occupied:          | Yes               |
| Architect, style / material: | 1904 Henry Harper |
| Condition:                   | Fair              |

### Part of a group of heritage assets:

No

### Associated with historical events or people:

Is it associated with any buried remains or archaeology? If so please describe:

How is it of importance to the local community? :

|                              |                                |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| <b>Selection Panel Date:</b> | <b>Date added to the list:</b> |
| 18/12/2018                   |                                |

# Former Sherwood Bus Garage

## Local Heritage Asset Register

### Sherwood

HA569



|                                |                       |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|
| <b>Status:</b>                 | Recommendation to add |
| <b>Age:</b>                    | Edwardian to WW1      |
| <b>Conservation Area:</b>      | No                    |
| <b>Date added to the list:</b> |                       |
| <b>Condition:</b>              | Good                  |

### Assessment against Local Criteria

1. Age: 1840-1914
2. Former Tram depot built in a simplified classical style
3. Half retained in transport use

### Reason for Designation

Good example of tram shed from 1901 which retains much of its significance.

### Local List Proposal



### Description

Sherwood Bus Depot and The Samuel Hall PH (Wetherspoons), Sherwood. The building houses both uses. In 1825, the well-known lace manufacturer Samuel Hall purchased land in Sherwood. He laid out Sherwood's first streets, on the east side of Mansfield Road, and sold his land in lots for the first houses to be built. Marshall Street (facing the tram depot site), Mansfield Street and Hood Street are roads named by Hall. Nearby Hall Street is named after him also.

This building is part of the former Sherwood Electric Tram Depot, built in 1901, on the site of Woodville Lodge, which stood next to the long driveway up to Woodville House. The premises are named after the lace manufacturer Samuel Hall, who laid out the first streets in Sherwood in the early 19th century.

# Former Sherwood Bus Garage

## Local Heritage Asset Register

Sherwood

HA569

### Additional Description:

In the late eighteenth century Sherwood was an area of heathland in the parish of Basford. It is not marked on the map of Nottinghamshire drawn by TJ Ellis in 1824-25, although by that time it was sometimes referred to as Sherwood Place.

In 1825 Samuel Hall – a well-known Nottingham lace manufacturer – purchased land in Sherwood. Hall laid out Sherwood's first streets, on the east side of Mansfield Road.

Marshall Street is still exactly the same width at the end facing the premises that you are now in, although it has been widened further along. Hall also named Mansfield Street and Hood Street. Hall Street is named after him, as is this Wetherspoon freehouse. <https://www.jdwetherspoon.com/pub-histories/england/nottingham/the-samuel-hall-nottingham>

|                              |            |
|------------------------------|------------|
| Heritage category:           | Building   |
| Asset type:                  | Transport  |
| Original use:                |            |
| Current use:                 | Pub or Bar |
| Currently occupied:          | Yes        |
| Architect, style / material: |            |
| Condition:                   | Good       |

### Part of a group of heritage assets:

### Associated with historical events or people:

### Is it associated with any buried remains or archaeology? If so please describe:

### How is it of importance to the local community? :

These premises were refurbished by J D Wetherspoon in June 2010. <https://www.jdwetherspoon.com/pub-histories/england/nottingham/the-samuel-hall->

|                              |                                |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| <b>Selection Panel Date:</b> | <b>Date added to the list:</b> |
| 02/04/2019                   |                                |

# The Grove Public House 273 Castle Boulevard

## Local Heritage Asset Register Lenton & Wollaton East

HA570



|                                |                       |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|
| <b>Status:</b>                 | Recommendation to add |
| <b>Age:</b>                    | Victorian (1837-1901) |
| <b>Conservation Area:</b>      | No                    |
| <b>Date added to the list:</b> |                       |
| <b>Condition:</b>              | Bad                   |

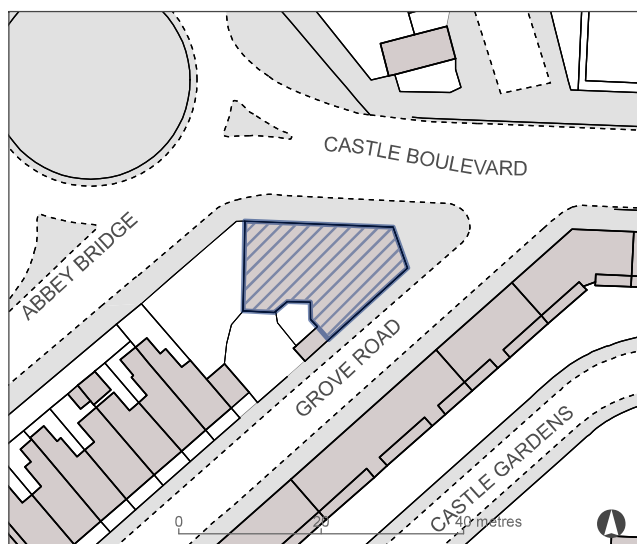
### Assessment against Local Criteria

1. Good example of a late Victorian Public House
2. High aesthetic and Townscape Value

### Reason for Designation

As a good example of a late Victorian public house in an unusual Artisan Mannerist style with high townscape value.

### Local List Proposal



### Description

Pub on a prominent corner site on one of the main arterial routes into the city. It dates from c.1890 and is built in an Artisan Mannerist style. It has high townscape value. It was formerly a Home Ales pub.

# The Grove Public House 273 Castle Boulevard

## Local Heritage Asset Register

Lenton & Wollaton East

HA570

Additional Description:

|                              |                          |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Heritage category:           | Building                 |
| Asset type:                  | Cultural & Entertainment |
| Original use:                |                          |
| Current use:                 | Pub or Bar               |
| Currently occupied:          |                          |
| Architect, style / material: |                          |
| Condition:                   | Bad                      |

Part of a group of heritage assets:

Associated with historical events or people:

Is it associated with any buried remains or archaeology? If so please describe:

How is it of importance to the local community? :

|                              |                                |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| <b>Selection Panel Date:</b> | <b>Date added to the list:</b> |
| 05/03/2019                   |                                |

# White House Lace Factory

## Local Heritage Asset Register

### Berridge

HA572



|                                |                       |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|
| <b>Status:</b>                 | Recommendation to add |
| <b>Age:</b>                    | Victorian (1837-1901) |
| <b>Conservation Area:</b>      | No                    |
| <b>Date added to the list:</b> |                       |
| <b>Condition:</b>              |                       |

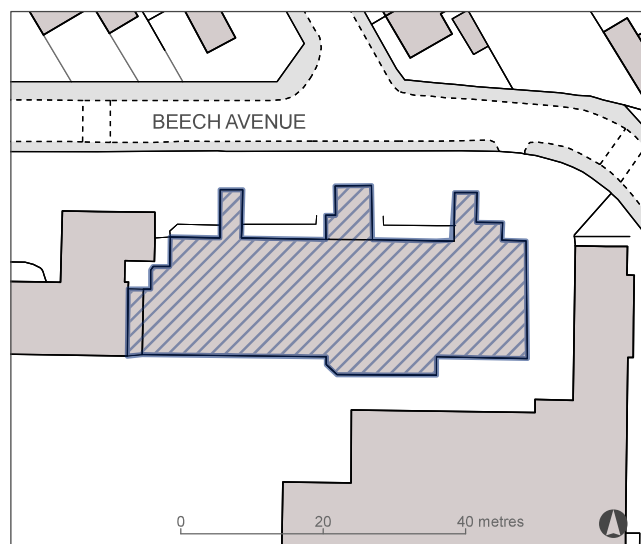
### Assessment against Local Criteria

1. Age: Late 19th Century
2. Asset type: Lace Factory
3. Good example of a Late 19th century Lace Factory of relatively plain architectural style
4. Of high townscape value sitting above Forest Fields

### Reason for Designation

As a good example of a late 19th century Lace Factory adding to the knowledge of the Lace Industry within the city and associated with the Birkin Family of Lace Makers

### Local List Proposal



### Description

Former lace factory. Suffered fire in 2016 and in poor condition. Also known as the White House. Built before the 1st Edition OS map. Of high townscape value sitting on the skyline above the Forest Fields. Unclear whether the Birkin Family of Lace Makers built the factory or whether they took over the factory as part of the extension to their main works on Stanley Road (HA618). It was once one works with the factory to the east (HA619). Includes the historic buildings within the yard of the factory.



# White House Lace Factory

## Local Heritage Asset Register

Berridge

HA572

Additional Description:

|                              |            |
|------------------------------|------------|
| Heritage category:           | Building   |
| Asset type:                  | Industrial |
| Original use:                |            |
| Current use:                 |            |
| Currently occupied:          |            |
| Architect, style / material: |            |
| Condition:                   |            |

Part of a group of heritage assets:

Yes

Associated with historical events or people:

Is it associated with any buried remains or archaeology? If so please describe:

How is it of importance to the local community? :

|                              |                                |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| <b>Selection Panel Date:</b> | <b>Date added to the list:</b> |
| 18/12/2018                   |                                |