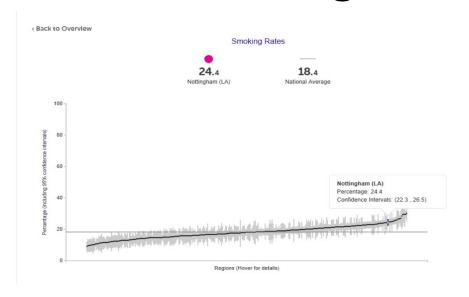
Lung Health checks / cancer screening

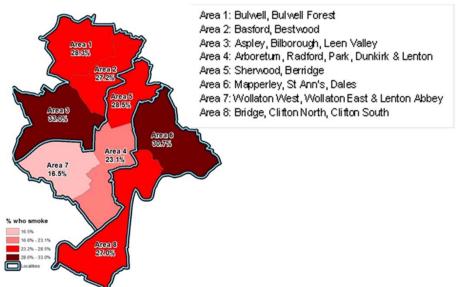
Simon Castle

Assistant Director – Cancer

Commissioning

Smoking Rates - Nottingham

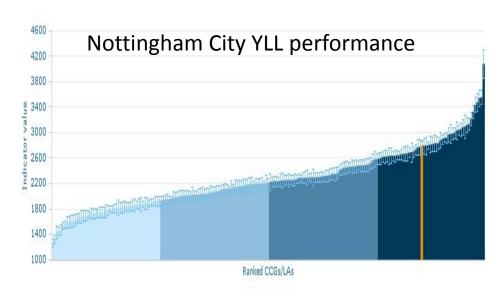


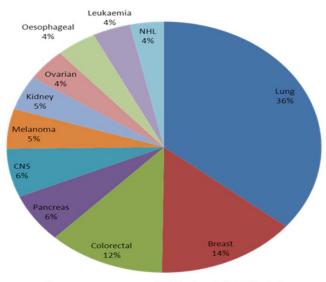


- Significantly higher smoking rates than national average.
- Rates as high as 35% in North wards within the City where high rates of deprivation – Basford, Bulwell, Bilborough, Bestwood, Aspley.
- Smoking is the main contributor to Nottingham's low life expectancy compared to national and regional figures.
- Smoking is a major cause of death from CVD, chronic lung disease and cancer – the major diseases contributing to this life expectancy gap.
- Smoking is a major health inequality issue within the City, contributing to half the life expectancy gap between more and less deprived wards.
- Around one-fifth of deaths of people aged 35 or over in Nottingham can be attributed to smoking.

Mortality

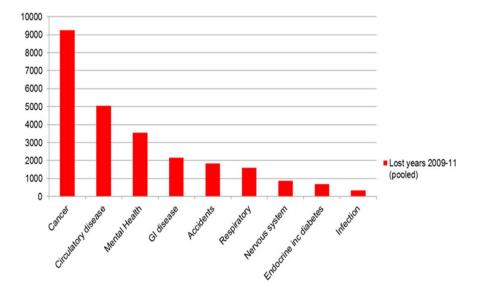
- Cancer is the biggest cause of death from illness or disease in every age group, from the very youngest children through to old age.
- Cancer accounts for 22% of premature mortality (Years Life Lost)





Cancer: years of life lost 2009-11

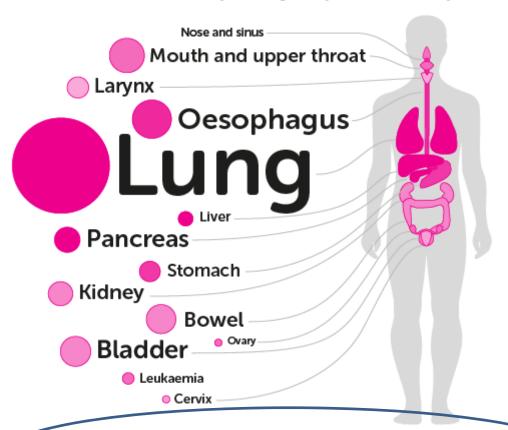
Lost years 2009-11 (pooled)





SMOKING CAUSES 14 TYPES OF CANCER

64,500 cancers are caused by smoking each year in the UK. They are:



- Experts agree that tobacco is the single biggest avoidable cause of cancer in the world 1, 2.
- Smoking causes over a quarter (28 per cent) of cancer deaths in the UK and nearly one in five cancer cases 3, 4.

And smoking doesn't only cause cancer. It also causes tens of thousands of deaths each year in the UK from other conditions, including heart and lung problems 3.

The size of the circle shows how many cancer cases are caused by smoking.

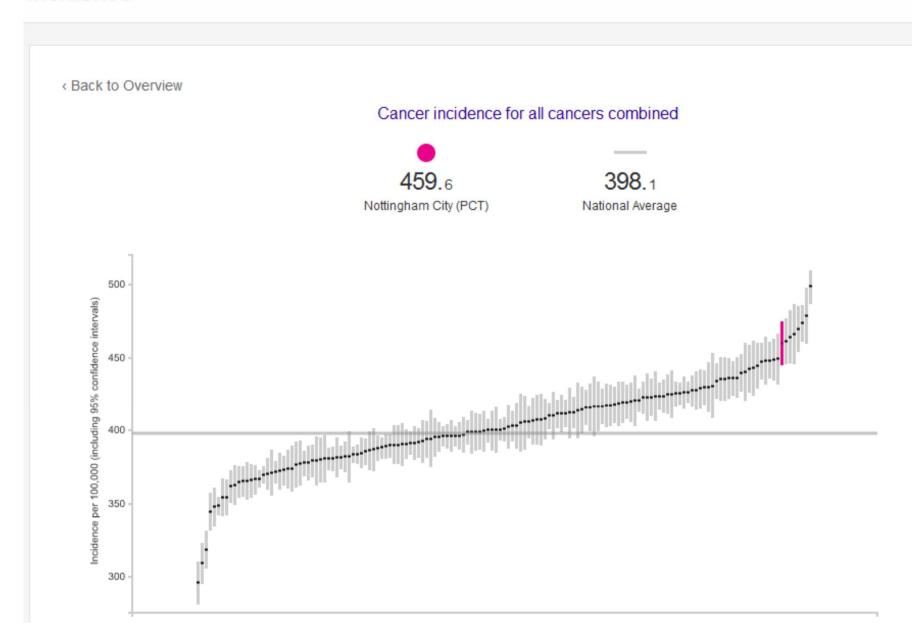
Darker circles show types of cancer where survival is lowest.

The number of nesse and sinus cancer cases caused by smoking is not estimated because the precise smoking-related risk increase is not known.

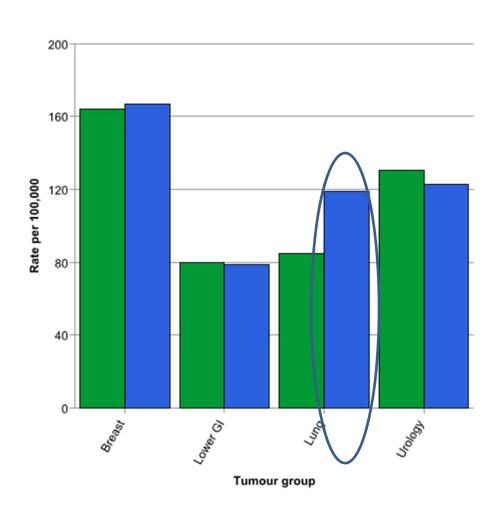
Let's beat cancer sooner cruk.org



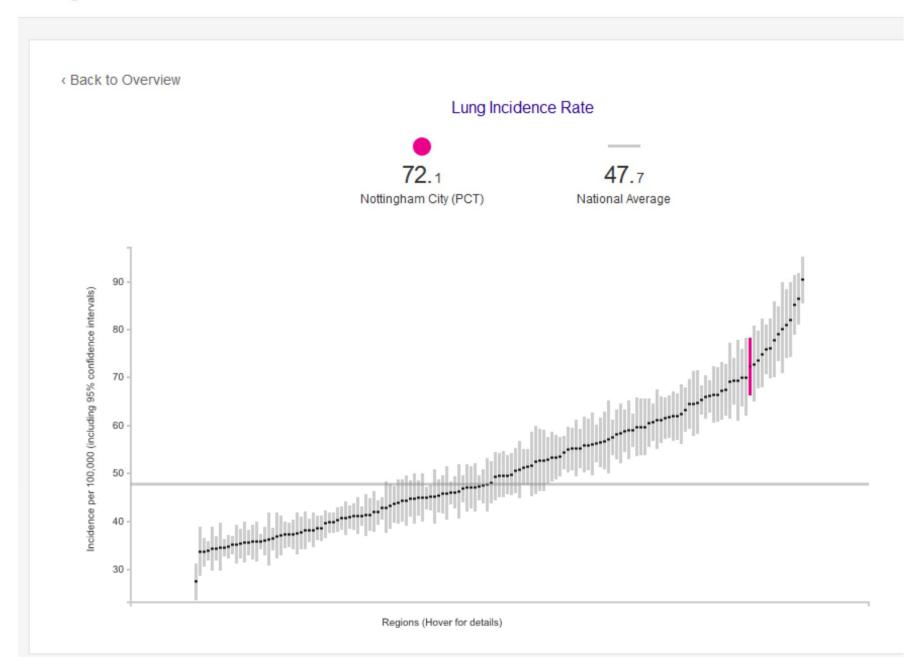
Incidence



Nottingham (blue) Age-Standardised Incidence rate by tumour group, 2012 – Lung cancer dominates



Lung Cancer



Lung Cancer

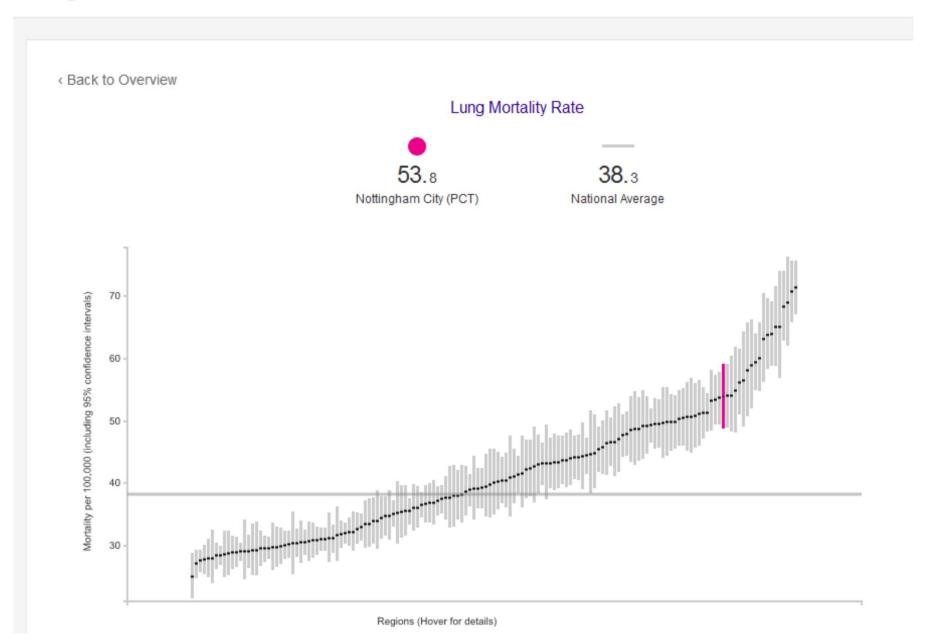
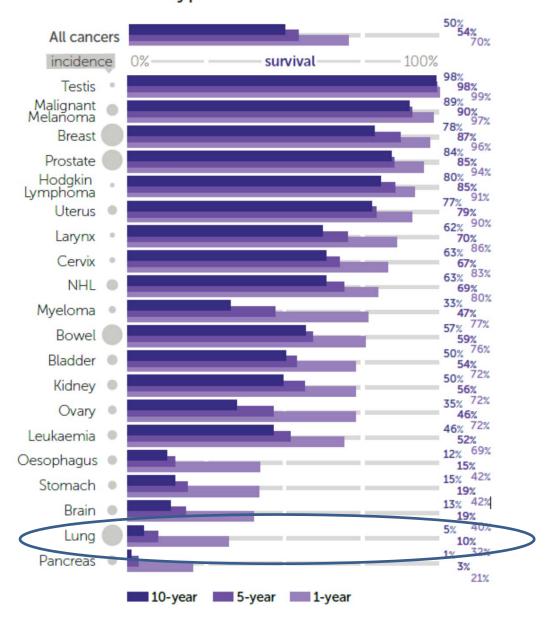
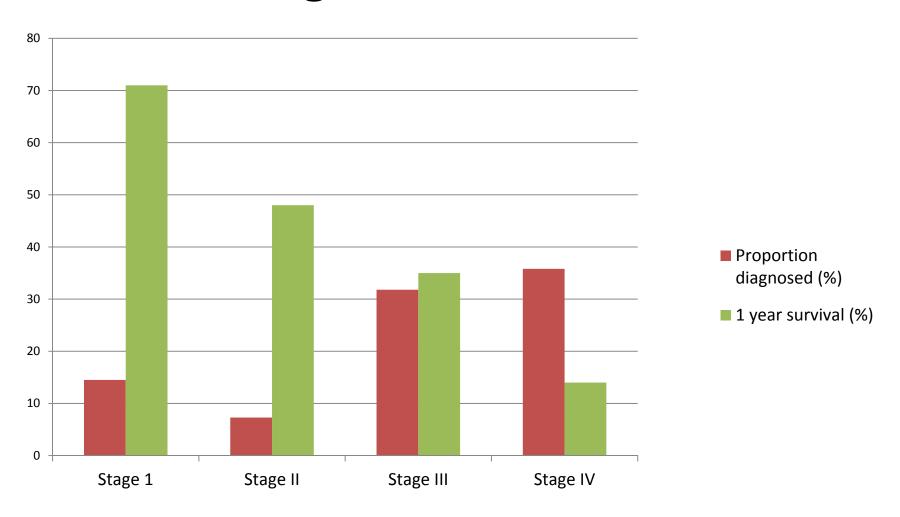


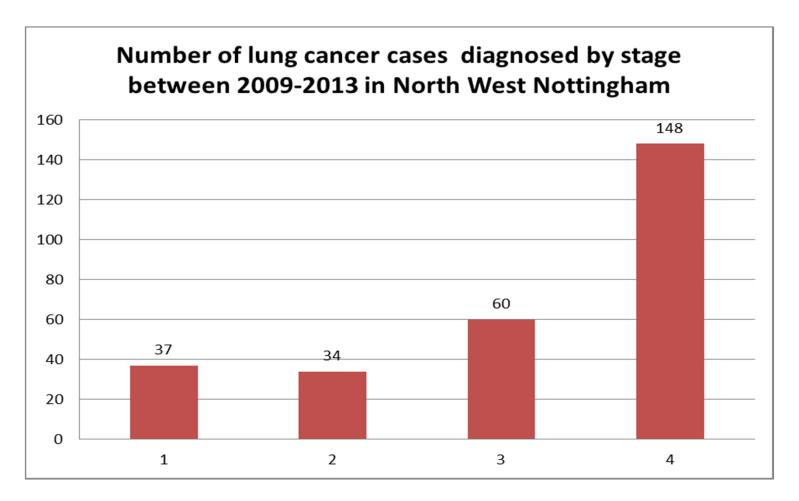
Figure 5: One-, Five- and Ten-Year Survival by Cancer Type



Stage and survival



Stage in North Nottingham



Summary

- High smoking rates especially in North Estates
- High incidence lung cancer and Long Term Conditions (CHD, COPD)
- High Mortality
- Late presentation / diagnosis = poor outcomes

Lung Health MOT

Aims:

- Improve early diagnosis of lung cancer & other respiratory disease
- Increase smoking quitters
- Raise awareness that early diagnosis can lead to good outcomes

Lung Health MOT

Pilot:

- GP practices in North Estates
- Starting in Bilborough
- Pts invited to clinic based on age and smoking history
- Clinic comprises of:
 - detailed risk assessment of cancer. Onward referral to Lung CT scan (will be provided by mobile scanner located at the practice)
 - Assessment for other lung disease using spirometry test.
 Onward referral to community respiratory team
 - Smoking cessation advice and referral to New Leaf
- Lung CT suspicious rapid access to specialist clinic at the hospital.

Lung Health MOT

- To be cost effective, pilot requires high level of patient participation
- Comms / Education is vital